

Ka Pa'akai Analysis (2000)

In the September 11, 2000 Hawai'i Supreme Court landmark decision (Ka Pa'akai O Ka 'Aina v Land Use Commission), an analytical framework for addressing the preservation and protection of customary and traditional native practices specific to Hawaiian communities was created. The court decision established a three-part process relative to evaluating such potential impacts:

first, to identify whether any valued cultural, historical, or natural resources are present; and identify the extent to which any traditional and customary native Hawaiian rights are exercised;

second, to identify the extent to which those resources and rights will be affected or impaired by the proposed action;

and third, to specify the feasible action, if any, to be taken by the regulatory body to reasonably protect native Hawaiian rights if they are found to exist.



Maka Wai Ola

What is a
Ka Pa'akai
analysis?